

## Interim Financial Reports (unaudited)

for the period ended February 28, 2018

### Statements of Financial Position (unaudited) (in 000s, except per unit amounts)

As at February 28, 2018 and August 31, 2017 (note 1)

	February 28, 2018	August 31, 2017
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Investments (non-derivative financial assets) (notes 2 and 3)	\$ 4,430	\$ 4,495
Cash including foreign currency holdings, at fair value	25	13
Interest receivable	1	1
Receivable for units issued	–	7
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>4,456</b>	<b>4,516</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Payable for units redeemed	6	5
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units</b> (note 5)	<b>\$ 4,450</b>	<b>\$ 4,511</b>
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class</b>		
Class A	\$ 4,410	\$ 4,511
Premium Class	\$ 40	–
Class F-Premium	\$ –	–
Class N-Premium	\$ –	–
Class O	\$ –	–
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit</b> (note 5)		
Class A	\$ 9.92	\$ 9.93
Premium Class	\$ 9.79	\$ 9.86
Class F-Premium	\$ 9.58	\$ 9.74
Class N-Premium	\$ 9.58	\$ 9.74
Class O	\$ 9.55	\$ 9.78

### Organization of the Pool (note 1)

The Pool was established on November 19, 1999 (*Date Established*).

	Inception Date
Class A	November 24, 1999
Premium Class	May 31, 2016
Class F-Premium	May 31, 2016
Class N-Premium	May 31, 2016
Class O	May 31, 2016

**Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)  
(in 000s, except per unit amounts)**

For the periods ended February 28, 2018 and 2017 (note 1)

	February 28, 2018	February 28, 2017
<b>Net Gain (Loss) on Financial Instruments</b>		
Interest for distribution purposes	\$ 28	\$ 27
Other changes in fair value of investments and derivatives		
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives	4	(1)
<b>Net Gain (Loss) on Financial Instruments ±</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>Expenses (note 6)</b>		
Management fees ±±±	18	21
Audit fees	6	9
Custodial fees	16	14
Independent review committee fees	-	-
Regulatory fees	10	13
Transaction costs	-	-
Unitholder reporting costs	33	43
	<b>83</b>	<b>100</b>
Expenses waived/absorbed by the Manager	(64)	(77)
	<b>19</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions)</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Class (excluding distributions)</b>		
Class A	\$ 13	\$ 3
Premium Class	-	-
Class F-Premium	-	-
Class N-Premium	-	-
Class O	-	-
<b>Average Number of Units Outstanding for the Period per Class</b>		
Class A	436	516
Premium Class	3	10
Class F-Premium	-	-
Class N-Premium	-	-
Class O	-	-
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit (excluding distributions)</b>		
Class A	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.01
Premium Class	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.02
Class F-Premium	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.03)
Class N-Premium	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.02)
Class O	-	-

**± Net gain (loss) on Financial Instruments**

Category	Net Gain (Loss)	
	February 28, 2018	February 28, 2017
<b>Financial assets at FVTPL:</b>		
Held for Trading	\$ -	\$ -
Designated at Inception	32	26
<b>Total financial assets at FVTPL</b>	<b>\$ 32</b>	<b>\$ 26</b>

**±±± Maximum Chargeable Management Fee Rates (note 6)**

Class A	0.75%
Premium Class	0.65%
Class F-Premium	0.50%
Class N-Premium	0.50%
Class O	0.00%

**Administrative and Other Fund Operating Expenses (note 9)**

	2018	2017
(\$000s)	1	1

Renaissance Ultra Short-Term Income Private Pool

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (unaudited)  
(in 000s)

For the periods ended February 28, 2018 and 2017 (note 1)

	Class A Units		Premium Class Units		Class F-Premium Units		Class N-Premium Units	
	February 28, 2018	February 28, 2017	February 28, 2018	February 28, 2017	February 28, 2018	February 28, 2017	February 28, 2018	February 28, 2017
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions)</b>	\$ 13	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
<b>Distributions Paid or Payable to Holders of Redeemable Units †</b>								
From net investment income	(12)	(5)	—	(1)	—	—	—	—
	(12)	(5)	—	(1)	—	—	—	—
<b>Redeemable Unit Transactions</b>								
Amount received from the issuance of units	457	192	40	—	—	—	—	—
Amount received from reinvestment of distributions	12	4	—	1	—	—	—	—
Amount paid on redemptions of units	(571)	(708)	—	—	—	—	—	—
	(102)	(512)	40	1	—	—	—	—
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units</b>	(101)	(514)	40	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at Beginning of Period</b>	4,511	5,359	—	100	—	—	—	—
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at End of Period</b>	\$ 4,410	\$ 4,845	\$ 40	\$ 100	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —

**Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding** (note 5)

As at February 28, 2018 and 2017

Balance - beginning of period	455	540	—	10	—	—	—	—
Redeemable units issued	46	19	4	—	—	—	—	—
Redeemable units issued on reinvestments	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
	502	560	4	10	—	—	—	—
Redeemable units redeemed	(58)	(71)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance - end of period	444	489	4	10	—	—	—	—

**Class O Units**

	February 28, 2018	February 28, 2017
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (excluding distributions)</b>	\$ —	\$ —
<b>Redeemable Unit Transactions</b>		
	—	—
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units</b>	—	—
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at Beginning of Period</b>	—	—
<b>Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units at End of Period</b>	\$ —	\$ —

**Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding** (note 5)

As at February 28, 2018 and 2017

	—	—
Balance - end of period	—	—

**† Net Capital and Non-Capital Losses** (note 7)

As at December 2017, the Pool had net capital and non-capital losses (in \$000s) for income tax purposes available to be carried forward as follows:

<b>Total Net Capital Losses</b>	<b>Total Non-Capital Losses that Expire in: 2027 to 2037</b>
30	—

*Renaissance Ultra Short-Term Income Private Pool*

**Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)**  
**(in 000s)**

For the periods ended February 28, 2018 and 2017 (note 1)

	February 28, 2018	February 28, 2017
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units from Operations (excluding distributions)	\$ 13	\$ 3
Adjustments for:		
Net change in unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of investments and derivatives	(4)	1
Purchase of investments	(5,499)	(7,170)
Proceeds from the sale of investments	5,568	7,680
	<b>78</b>	514
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>		
Amount received from the issuance of units	504	194
Amount paid on redemptions of units	(570)	(688)
Distributions paid to unitholders	-	(1)
	<b>(66)</b>	(495)
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Cash during the Period</b>	<b>12</b>	19
<b>Foreign Exchange Loss (Gain) on Cash</b>	-	-
<b>Cash (Bank Overdraft) at Beginning of Period</b>	<b>13</b>	16
<b>Cash (Bank Overdraft) at End of Period</b>	<b>\$ 25</b>	<b>\$ 35</b>
Interest received	\$ 28	\$ 27

Renaissance Ultra Short-Term Income Private Pool

Schedule of Investment Portfolio (unaudited) As at February 28, 2018

Security	Coupon Rate (%)	Maturity Date	Additional Details	Par Value	Average Cost (\$000s)	Fair Value (\$000s)	% of Net Assets
<b>CANADIAN BONDS</b>							
<b>Corporate</b>							
Bank of Montreal	2.14%	2018/03/29	Series '1', Floating Rate	95,000	95	95	
Bank of Nova Scotia	1.73%	2018/06/27	Variable Rate	105,000	105	105	
Bank of Nova Scotia	1.73%	2018/09/05	Floating Rate	50,000	50	50	
Bank of Nova Scotia	1.69%	2018/10/12	Floating Rate	110,000	110	110	
National Bank of Canada	1.94%	2018/06/14	Floating Rate	85,000	85	86	
Royal Bank of Canada	1.77%	2018/04/11	Floating Rate	25,000	25	25	
Royal Bank of Canada	1.83%	2018/07/30	Floating Rate	145,000	145	145	
Royal Bank of Canada	1.73%	2018/08/01	Floating Rate	85,000	85	85	
Royal Bank of Canada	1.66%	2018/11/30	Floating Rate	25,000	25	25	
Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	2.12%	2018/03/28	Floating Rate	95,000	95	95	
					<b>820</b>	<b>821</b>	<b>18.4%</b>
<b>TOTAL CANADIAN BONDS</b>							
<b>TOTAL BONDS</b>							
<b>TOTAL INVESTMENTS BEFORE SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>							
					<b>820</b>	<b>821</b>	<b>18.4%</b>
<b>SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>							
Bank of Nova Scotia	1.55%	2018/04/02	Bankers' Acceptance	75,000	75	75	
Canadian Utilities Ltd.	1.58%	2018/03/22	Discount Note	100,000	100	100	
Central 1 Credit Union	1.60%	2018/04/16	Discount Note	175,000	174	175	
Clarity Trust	1.58%	2018/05/08	Series 'A', Discount Note	350,000	347	349	
Enbridge Pipelines Inc.	1.65%	2018/03/05	Discount Note	75,000	75	75	
Federation des Caisses Desjardins du Quebec	1.59%	2018/05/25	Bearer Deposit Note	200,000	199	199	
Firstbank	1.66%	2018/07/17	Bankers' Acceptance	200,000	199	199	
Fusion Trust	1.72%	2018/06/21	Series 'A', Discount Note	300,000	297	298	
Honda Canada Finance Inc.	1.52%	2018/04/02	Discount Note	200,000	198	200	
Merit Trust	1.80%	2018/07/17	Senior Discount Note	300,000	297	298	
National Bank of Canada	1.49%	2018/03/26	Bankers' Acceptance	200,000	199	200	
Plaza Trust	1.82%	2018/08/28	Discount Note	100,000	99	99	
Prime Trust	1.57%	2018/05/23	Senior Discount Note	150,000	149	150	
Ridge Trust	1.60%	2018/06/12	Series 'A', Discount Note	275,000	273	274	
Storm King Funding Trust	1.82%	2018/08/08	Discount Note	350,000	347	347	
Suncor Energy Inc.	1.39%	2018/03/12	Discount Note	100,000	100	100	
Toronto-Dominion Bank (The)	1.52%	2018/05/23	Bearer Deposit Note	125,000	124	124	
Zeus Receivables Trust	1.81%	2018/07/19	Senior Discount Note	150,000	149	149	
Zeus Receivables Trust	1.80%	2018/07/31	Senior Discount Note	200,000	198	198	
					<b>3,599</b>	<b>3,609</b>	<b>81.1%</b>
Less: Transaction costs included in average cost							
					<b>4,419</b>	<b>4,430</b>	<b>99.5%</b>
<b>TOTAL INVESTMENTS</b>							
Other Assets, less Liabilities							
						20	0.5%
<b>TOTAL NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO HOLDERS OF REDEEMABLE UNITS</b>							
						<b>4,450</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

**Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio (unaudited)**

**Offsetting Arrangements** (note 2d)

The Pool may enter into various master netting arrangements or other similar agreements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting in the Statements of Financial Position but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of the contracts.

As at February 28, 2018 and August 31, 2017, the Pool did not enter into any arrangements whereby the financial instruments were eligible for offset.

**Interests in Underlying Funds** (note 4)

As at February 28, 2018 and August 31, 2017, the Pool had no investments in Underlying Funds where the ownership exceeded 20% of each Underlying Fund.

## Renaissance Ultra Short-Term Income Private Pool

### Financial Instrument Risks

Investment Objective: Renaissance Ultra Short-Term Income Private Pool (the *Pool*) seeks to obtain a high level of interest income while maintaining security of capital and liquidity by investing primarily in high-quality debt obligations of Canadian and U.S. issuers.

Investment Strategies: The Pool invests primarily in securities issued by the Government of Canada, provincial or territorial governments and their agencies, Canadian chartered banks, Canadian loan or trust companies, and Canadian corporations.

Significant risks that are relevant to the Pool are discussed here. General information on risk management and specific discussion on concentration, credit, currency, interest rate, liquidity, and other price/market risk can be found in note 2 of the financial statements.

In the following risk tables, Net Assets is defined as meaning "Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units".

#### Concentration Risk as at February 28, 2018 and August 31, 2017

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio presents the securities held by the Pool as at February 28, 2018.

The following table presents the investment sectors held by the Pool as at August 31, 2017, and groups the securities by asset type, industry sector, geographic region, or currency exposure:

As at August 31, 2017

Portfolio Breakdown	% of Net Assets
<b>Canadian Bonds</b>	
Corporate	17.8
<b>Short-Term Investments</b>	81.8
<b>Other Assets, less Liabilities</b>	0.4
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.0</b>

#### Credit Risk

Credit ratings represent a consolidation of the ratings provided by various outside service providers and are subject to change, which could be material.

See the Schedule of Investment Portfolio for counterparties related to over-the-counter derivative contracts, where applicable.

As at February 28, 2018 and August 31, 2017, the Pool invested in debt securities with the following credit ratings:

Debt Securities by Credit Rating (note 2b)	% of Net Assets	
	February 28, 2018	August 31, 2017
'AAA'	40.7	53.6
'AA'	19.3	19.5
'A'	28.0	22.0
'BBB'	11.5	4.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>99.5</b>	<b>99.6</b>

#### Currency Risk

As at February 28, 2018 and August 31, 2017, the Pool did not have a significant exposure to currency risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Pool's short-term assets and liabilities were not subject to significant amounts of risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing level of market interest rates.

The table that follows indicates the Pool's exposure to fixed income securities by remaining term-to-maturity.

Remaining Term-to-Maturity	February 28, 2018 (\$000s)	August 31, 2017 (\$000s)
Less than 1 year	821	806
<b>Total</b>	<b>821</b>	<b>806</b>

Had the interest rate decreased or increased by 25 basis points and assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, there would be no material impact to the Pool's net assets as at February 28, 2018 and August 31, 2017. This change is estimated using the weighted average duration of the fixed income portfolio. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. In practice, actual results may differ from this analysis and the difference could be material.

### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Pool will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Pool is exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. The Pool maintains sufficient cash on hand to fund anticipated redemptions.

With the exception of derivative contracts, where applicable, all of the Pool's financial liabilities are short-term liabilities maturing within 90 days after the period end.

For pools that hold derivative contracts with a term-to-maturity that exceeds 90 days from the period end, further information related to those contracts can be referenced in the derivative schedules following the Schedule of Investment Portfolio.

### Other Price/Market Risk

The table that follows indicates how net assets as at February 28, 2018 and August 31, 2017 would have increased or decreased had the value of the Pool's benchmark(s) increased or decreased by 1%. This change is estimated based on the historical correlation between the return of Class A units of the Pool as compared to the return of the Pool's benchmark(s), using 36 monthly data points, as available, based on the monthly net returns of the Pool. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain unchanged. The historical correlation may not be representative of the future correlation and, accordingly, the impact on net assets could be materially different.

Benchmark	Impact on Net Assets (\$000s)	
	February 28, 2018	August 31, 2017
FTSE TMX Canada 91 Day T-Bill Index	28	28

### Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

The following is a summary of the inputs used as at February 28, 2018 and August 31, 2017 in valuing the Pool's financial assets and financial liabilities, carried at fair value:

As at February 28, 2018

Classification	Level 1 (i) (\$000s)	Level 2 (ii) (\$000s)	Level 3 (iii) (\$000s)	Total (\$000s)
<b>Financial Assets</b>				
Fixed Income Securities	–	821	–	821
Short-Term Investments	–	3,609	–	3,609
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>4,430</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>4,430</b>

(i) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

(ii) Significant other observable inputs

(iii) Significant unobservable inputs

As at August 31, 2017

Classification	Level 1 (i) (\$000s)	Level 2 (ii) (\$000s)	Level 3 (iii) (\$000s)	Total (\$000s)
<b>Financial Assets</b>				
Fixed Income Securities	–	806	–	806
Short-Term Investments	–	3,689	–	3,689
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>4,495</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>4,495</b>

(i) Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

(ii) Significant other observable inputs

(iii) Significant unobservable inputs

### Transfer of assets between Level 1 and Level 2

Financial assets and liabilities transferred from Level 1 to Level 2 are the result of securities no longer being traded in an active market.

For the periods ended February 28, 2018 and August 31, 2017, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities from Level 1 to Level 2.

Financial assets and liabilities transferred from Level 2 to Level 1 are the result of securities now being traded in an active market.

For the periods ended February 28, 2018 and August 31, 2017, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities from Level 2 to Level 1.

### Reconciliation of financial asset and liability movement – Level 3

The Pool did not hold any Level 3 investments at the beginning of, during, or at the end of either reporting period.

## Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

As at and for the periods as disclosed in the financial statements (see note 1)

### 1. Renaissance Private Pools — Organization of the Pools and Financial Reporting Periods

Each of the Renaissance Private Pools (individually, a *Pool*, and collectively, the *Pools*) is a mutual fund trust, except for Renaissance Multi-Asset Global Balanced Income Private Pool, Renaissance Multi-Asset Global Balanced Private Pool, Renaissance U.S. Equity Currency Neutral Private Pool, Renaissance Global Equity Private Pool and Renaissance Real Assets Private Pool, which are unit trusts, organized under the laws of Ontario and governed by a declaration of trust (*Declaration of Trust*). The address of the Pools' registered office is 18 York Street, Suite 1300, Toronto, Ontario.

The Pools are managed by CIBC Asset Management Inc. (the *Manager*). The Manager is also the trustee, registrar, portfolio advisor, and transfer agent of the Pools.

Each Pool may issue an unlimited number of classes of units and an unlimited number of units of each class. In the future, the offering of any classes of a Pool may be terminated or additional classes may be offered. The following table indicates the classes of units offered for sale for each of the Pools:

	Renaissance Ultra Short-Term Income Private Pool	Renaissance Canadian Fixed Income Private Pool	Renaissance Multi-Sector Fixed Income Private Pool	Renaissance Global Bond Private Pool	Renaissance Multi-Asset Global Balanced Income Private Pool	Renaissance Multi-Asset Global Balanced Private Pool	Renaissance Equity Income Private Pool
Class A	✓	✓		✓			✓
Premium Class	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Premium-T4 Class		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Premium-T6 Class		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Class H-Premium			✓				
Class H-Premium T4			✓				
Class H-Premium T6			✓				
Class C		✓		✓			✓
Class F-Premium	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Class F-Premium T4		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Class F-Premium T6		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Class FH-Premium			✓				
Class FH-Premium T4			✓				
Class FH-Premium T6			✓				
Class N-Premium	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Class N-Premium T4		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Class N-Premium T6		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Class NH-Premium			✓				
Class NH-Premium T4			✓				
Class NH-Premium T6			✓				
Class I		✓		✓			✓
Class O	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Class OH			✓				
Class S			✓				
	Renaissance Canadian Equity Private Pool	Renaissance U.S. Equity Private Pool	Renaissance U.S. Equity Currency Neutral Private Pool	Renaissance International Equity Private Pool	Renaissance Global Equity Private Pool	Renaissance Emerging Markets Equity Private Pool	Renaissance Real Assets Private Pool
Class A	✓	✓		✓		✓	
Premium Class	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Premium-T4 Class	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Premium-T6 Class	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class H-Premium		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class H-Premium T4		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class H-Premium T6		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class C	✓	✓		✓		✓	
Class F-Premium	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class F-Premium T4	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class F-Premium T6	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class FH-Premium		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class FH-Premium T4		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class FH-Premium T6		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class N-Premium	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class N-Premium T4	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class N-Premium T6	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class NH-Premium		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class NH-Premium T4		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class NH-Premium T6		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class I	✓	✓		✓		✓	



	Renaissance Canadian Equity Private Pool	Renaissance U.S. Equity Private Pool	Renaissance U.S. Equity Currency Neutral Private Pool	Renaissance International Equity Private Pool	Renaissance Global Equity Private Pool	Renaissance Emerging Markets Equity Private Pool	Renaissance Real Assets Private Pool
Class O	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Class OH		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Class S							✓

Each class of units may charge a different management fee. Operating expenses can either be common or class-specific. Class-specific expenses are allocated on a class-by-class basis. As a result, a separate net asset value per unit is calculated for each class of units.

Class A units are available only to investors participating in the Frontiers Program. This program will invest in a number of Pools, which will form a Frontiers Portfolio. Class A units are available on a no-load basis. Investors do not pay a sales commission when purchasing Class A units, nor are they charged a redemption fee if they redeem their Class A units. They may have to pay a short-term trading fee, if applicable.

Premium Class, Premium-T4 Class and Premium-T6 Class units are available to all investors on a front-end load basis only. Investors may pay a sales charge, which is negotiable with the dealer when purchasing the Premium, Premium-T4 or Premium-T6 classes of units. Redemptions by investors of units of those classes are not subject to a deferred sales charge.

Class F-Premium, Class F-Premium T4 and Class F-Premium T6 units are available to investors participating in programs that do not require the payment of sales charges by investors and do not require the payment of service or trailing commissions to dealers. For these investors, the Manager “unbundles” the typical distribution costs and charges a lower management fee. Potential investors include clients of “fee-for-service” investment advisors, dealer-sponsored “wrap accounts”, and others who pay an annual fee to their dealer instead of transactional sales charges and where the dealer does not receive service fees or trailing commissions from the Manager.

Class H-Premium, Class H-Premium T4, Class H-Premium T6, Class FH-Premium, Class FH-Premium T4, Class FH-Premium T6, Class NH-Premium, Class NH-Premium T4, Class NH-Premium T6 and Class OH Class units (individually, a Hedge Class) have the same characteristics as Premium Class, Premium-T4 Class, Premium-T6 Class, Class F-Premium, Class F-Premium T4, Class F-Premium T6, Class N-Premium, Class N-Premium T4, Class N-Premium T6 and Class O units, respectively, except that they each use derivative instruments such as forward foreign currency contracts to hedge foreign currency exposure of the Hedge Class.

Class C units are available to all investors on a no-load basis. Investors do not pay a sales commission when purchasing Class C units, nor are they charged a redemption fee if they redeem their Class C units. They may have to pay a short-term trading fee, if applicable.

Class I units are available to investors participating in programs that do not require the payment of sales charges by investors and do not require the payment of service fees or trailing commissions to dealers. For these investors, the Manager “unbundles” the typical distribution costs and charges a lower management fee. Potential investors include clients of “fee-for-service” investment advisors, dealer-sponsored “wrap accounts”, and others who pay an annual fee to their dealer instead of transactional sales charges and where the dealer does not receive service fees or trailing commissions from the Manager.

Class N-Premium, Class N-Premium T4 and Class N-Premium T6 are available to investors who have entered into an agreement with the Manager and the dealer. Class N-Premium, N-Premium T4 and N-Premium T6 units are generally designed to give investors access to unbundled fees where the dealer does not receive service fees or trailing commissions from the Manager. Instead, Class N-Premium, N-Premium T4 and N-Premium T6 units charge a dealer service fee negotiated between the investor and their dealer.

Class O and Class OH units are only available to selected investors who have been approved by and have entered into a Class O or Class OH account agreement with the Manager or whose dealer or discretionary manager offers separately managed accounts or similar programs and has entered into a Class O or Class OH unit account agreement with the Manager. These investors are typically financial services companies, including the Manager, that will use Class O units or Class OH of the Pools to facilitate offering other products to investors. No management fees or operating expenses are charged to the Pools in respect of Class O and Class OH units held; instead, a negotiated management fee is charged by the Manager directly to, or as directed by, Class O and Class OH unitholders or dealers or discretionary managers on behalf of unitholders.

Class S units are only available for purchase by mutual funds, asset allocation services or discretionary managed accounts offered by the Manager or its affiliates. No sales charge is payable on the purchase of Class S units.

The date upon which each Pool was established by Declaration of Trust (*Date Established*) and the date upon which each class of units of each Pool was first sold to the public (*Inception Date*) are reported in footnote *Organization of the Pool* on the Statements of Financial Position.

The Schedule of Investment Portfolio of each Pool is as at February 28, 2018. The Statements of Financial Position are as at February 28, 2018 and August 31, 2017. The Statements of Comprehensive Income, Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units and Statements of Cash Flows are for the six month periods ended February 28, 2018 and February 28, 2017, except for Pools or classes established during either period, in which case the information presented is from the Date Established or the Inception Date to February 28, 2018 or February 28, 2017.

These financial statements were approved for issuance by the Manager on April 20, 2018.

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards Interim Financial Reporting (*IAS 34*) as published by the International Accounting Standards Board (*IASB*).

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis using the historical-cost convention. However, each Pool is an investment entity and primarily all financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value in accordance with IFRS. Accordingly, the Pools’ accounting policies for measuring the fair value of investments and derivatives are consistent with those used in measuring the Net Asset value for transactions with unitholders. In applying IFRS, these financial statements include estimates and assumptions made by management that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses during the reporting periods. However, existing circumstances and assumptions may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Pools. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

These financial statements have been presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Pools’ functional currency (unless otherwise noted).

### a) Financial Instruments

#### Classification and recognition of financial instruments

In accordance with IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, financial assets and financial liabilities are classified at initial recognition into the following categories:

#### *Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)*

This category is sub-divided into:

- Financial instruments classified as Held For Trading: Financial assets and liabilities are classified as Held For Trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling and/or repurchasing in the near term, and are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price. Derivatives and securities sold short held by the Pools are classified as Held For Trading and do not meet the definition of effective hedging instruments as defined by IAS 39.
- Financial instruments designated as FVTPL through inception: All investments held by the Pools, excluding those classified as Held For Trading (discussed above), are designated as fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition. These financial assets are designated upon initial recognition on the basis that they are part of a group of financial assets that are managed and have their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with risk management and investment strategies of the Pools, as set out in the Pools’ prospectus.

#### *Loans and receivables*

The Pools include in this category receivable balances relating to portfolio investments and other short-term receivables such as receivable for units issued.

#### *Other financial liabilities*

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those classified as fair value through profit or loss. The Pools include in this category amounts relating to payables for portfolio securities purchased and other accrued liabilities such as payable for units redeemed and distributions payable to holders of redeemable units.

All Pools have contractual obligations to distribute cash to the unitholders. As a result, the Pools’ obligation for net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units represents a financial liability and is presented at the redemption amount.

## Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

### b) Risk Management

The Pools' overall risk management approach includes formal guidelines that govern the extent of exposure to various types of risk, including diversification within asset classes and limits on the exposure to individual investments and counterparties. In addition, derivative financial instruments may be used to manage certain risk exposures. The Manager also has various internal controls to oversee the Pools' investment activities, including monitoring compliance with the investment objectives and strategies, internal guidelines, and securities regulations. Please refer to each Pool's Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio for specific risk disclosures.

#### Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments are valued at their fair value, which is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Refer to notes 3a to 3f for valuation of each specific type of financial instruments held by the Pools. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Pools use the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.

For financial assets and financial liabilities that are not traded in an active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques.

The Pools classify fair value measurement within a hierarchy, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability.

If inputs are used to measure an asset's or liability's fair value, the classification within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Each Pool's fair value hierarchy classification of its assets and liabilities is included in the *Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio*.

The carrying values of all non-investment assets and liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. Fair values are classified as Level 1 when the related security or derivative is actively traded and a quoted price is available. If an instrument classified as Level 1 subsequently ceases to be actively traded, it is transferred out of Level 1. In such cases, instruments are reclassified into Level 2, unless the measurement of its fair value requires the use of significant unobservable inputs, in which case it is classified as Level 3.

The Manager is responsible for performing the fair value measurements included in the financial statements of a Pool, including the Level 3 measurements. The Manager obtains pricing from third-party pricing vendors and the pricing is reviewed daily. At each financial reporting date, the Manager reviews and approves all Level 3 fair value measurements. The Pools also have a Valuation Committee, which meets quarterly to perform detailed reviews of the valuations of investments held by the Pools, which includes discussion on Level 3 measurements.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument, such as a fixed income security or a derivative contract, will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with a Pool. The value of fixed income securities and derivatives as presented on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio includes consideration of the creditworthiness of the issuer and, accordingly, represents the maximum credit risk exposure of the Pools.

Certain Pools may invest in short-term fixed income securities issued or guaranteed primarily by the Government of Canada or any Canadian provincial government, obligations of Canadian chartered banks or trust companies, and commercial paper with approved credit ratings. The risk of default on these short-term fixed income securities is considered low and these securities primarily have credit ratings of 'A-1 (Low)' or higher (as rated by S&P Global Ratings, a division of S&P Global), or equivalent rating from another rating service).

The bond ratings noted in the Pools' 'Financial Instruments Risk' under sub-section 'Credit Risk' represent ratings collected and disseminated by recognized third party vendors. These ratings utilized by the Manager, while obtained from vendors skilled and recognized for bond rating services, may not be the same as those used directly by the portfolio advisor. Ratings used by the portfolio advisor could be higher or lower than those used for risk disclosure in the financial statements in compliance with their investment policy guidelines.

The Pools may engage in securities lending transactions. The credit risk related to securities lending transactions is limited by the fact that the value of cash or securities held as collateral by the Pools in connection with these transactions is at least 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned. The collateral and loaned securities are marked to market on each business day. Further information regarding the collateral and securities on loan can be found in the footnotes to the Statements of Financial Position and in note 2k.

#### Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of an investment will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. This is because the Pools may invest in securities denominated or traded in currencies other than a Pool's reporting currency.

#### Interest rate risk

Prices of fixed income securities generally increase when interest rates decline and decrease when interest rates rise. This risk is known as interest rate risk. Prices of longer-term fixed income securities will generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than would shorter-term securities. Due to the nature of short-term fixed income securities with a remaining term-to-maturity of less than one year, these investments are not generally exposed to a significant risk that their value will fluctuate in response to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

#### Liquidity risk

The Pools are exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Generally, the Pools retain sufficient cash and cash equivalent positions to maintain adequate liquidity. However, liquidity risk also involves the ability to sell an asset for cash easily and at a fair price. Some securities are illiquid due to legal restrictions on their resale, the nature of the investment, or simply a lack of interested buyers for a particular security or security type. Certain securities may become less liquid due to changes in market conditions, such as interest rate changes or market volatility, which could impair the ability of a Pool to sell such securities quickly or at a fair price. Difficulty in selling securities could result in a loss or lower return for a Pool.

#### Other price/market risk

Other price/market risk is the risk that the value of investments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market conditions. Several factors can influence market trends, such as economic developments, changes in interest rates, political changes, and catastrophic events. All investments are exposed to other price/market risk.

### c) Investment Transactions, Income Recognition, and Recognition of Realized and Unrealized Gains and Losses

- i) Each transaction of purchase or sale of a portfolio asset by a Pool is reflected in the net assets no later than the first computation of net assets made after the date on which the transaction becomes binding upon the Pool.
- ii) Interest for distribution purposes shown on the Statements of Comprehensive Income represents the coupon interest received by the Pool accounted for on an accrual basis. The Pools do not amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed income securities, except for zero coupon bonds, which are amortized on a straight-line basis.
- iii) Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.
- iv) Security transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Securities that are exchange-traded are recorded at fair value established by the last traded market price when that price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. Debt securities are recorded at fair value, established by the last traded price on the Over-the-Counter (OTC) market when that price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. Unlisted securities are recorded at fair value using fair valuation techniques established by the Manager in establishing a fair value.
- v) Realized gains and losses on investments and unrealized appreciation or depreciation of investments are calculated using the average cost, excluding transaction costs, of the related investments.
- vi) Investment income is the sum of income paid to the Pool that is generated from a Pool's investment fund holdings.

- vii) Other income is the sum of income, excluding transaction costs, other than that which is separately classified on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

**d) Offsetting**

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statements of Financial Position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Where applicable, additional information can be found in the table Offsetting Arrangements as part of the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio. This supplemental schedule discloses the OTC derivatives, which are subject to offsetting.

**e) Portfolio Securities**

The cost of securities of the Pools is determined in the following manner. Securities are purchased and sold at a market-traded price to arrive at a value for the position traded. The total purchased value represents the total cost of the security to the Pool. When additional units of the same security are purchased, the cost of those additional units is added to the total security cost. When units of the same security are sold, the proportionate cost of the units of the security sold is deducted from the total security cost. If there is a return of capital paid by a security, the amount of this return of capital is deducted from the total security cost. This method of tracking security cost is known as "average cost" and the current total for any one security is referred to as the adjusted cost base or "ACB" of the security. Transaction costs incurred in portfolio transactions are excluded from the average cost of investments and are recognized immediately in Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units and are presented as a separate expense item in the financial statements.

The difference between the fair value of securities and their average cost, excluding transaction costs, represents the unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of the portfolio investments. The applicable period change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments is included on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Short-term investments on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio are presented at their amortized cost, which approximates their fair value. Accrued interest for bonds is disclosed separately on the Statements of Financial Position.

**f) Foreign Exchange**

The value of investments and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is translated into Canadian dollars, which is the Pools' functional and presentation currency at the current rates prevailing on each Valuation Date.

Purchases and sales of investments, income, and expenses are translated into Canadian dollars, which is the Pools' functional and presentation currency at the foreign exchange rates prevailing on the dates of such transactions. Foreign currency translation gains (losses) on investments and income transactions are included in Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency and in Income, respectively, on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

**g) Forward Foreign Currency Contracts**

The Pools may enter into forward foreign currency contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities.

Changes in the fair value of forward foreign currency contracts are included in derivative assets or derivative liabilities on the Statements of Financial Position and are recorded as an Increase (decrease) in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives during the applicable period on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

The gain or loss arising from the difference between the value of the original forward foreign currency contract and the value of such contract at close or delivery is realized and recorded as Net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency for Pools that use the forward foreign currency contracts for hedging, or as Derivative income (loss) for Pools that do not use the forward foreign currency contracts for hedging.

**h) Futures Contracts**

The margin deposits with brokers relating to futures contracts are included in Margin on the Statements of Financial Position. Any change in the margin requirement is settled daily and included in Receivable for portfolio securities sold or Payable for portfolio securities purchased on the Statements of Financial Position.

Any difference between the settlement value at the close of business on each Valuation Date and the settlement value at the close of business on the previous Valuation Date is recorded as Derivative Income (loss) on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

**i) Options**

Premiums paid for purchased call and put options are included in derivative assets and subsequently measured at fair value on the Statements of Financial Position. When a purchased option expires, the Pool will realize a loss in the amount of the cost of the option. For a closing transaction, the Pool will realize a gain or loss depending on whether the proceeds are greater or less than the premium paid at the time of purchase.

When a purchased call option is exercised, the cost of the security purchased is increased by the premium paid at the time of purchase.

Premiums received from writing options are included in derivative liabilities and subsequently measured at fair value on the Statements of Financial Position as initial reductions in the value of investments. Premiums received from writing options that expire unexercised are recorded as realized gains and reported as Net gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. For a closing transaction, if the cost of closing the transaction exceeds the premium received, the Pool will record a realized loss or, if the premium received at the time the option was written is greater than the amount paid, the Pool will record a realized gain and are reported as Net gain (loss) on sale of investments and derivatives. If a written put option is exercised, the cost for the security delivered is reduced by the premiums received at the time the option was written.

**j) Swap Contracts**

The Pools may enter into swap contracts for either hedging or non-hedging purposes where such activity is consistent with their investment objectives and as permitted by the Canadian securities regulatory authorities. The Pools can enter into swap contracts either through exchanges that provide clearing and settlement, or with financial institutions referred to as counterparties. The swap contracts with counterparties result in the Pools having credit exposure to the counterparties or guarantors. The Pools will only enter into swap contracts with counterparties having a designated rating.

The amount to be received (or paid) on the swap contracts is recognized as Derivative asset or Derivative liability on the Statements of Financial Position over the life of the contracts. Unrealized gains are reported as an asset and unrealized losses are reported as a liability on the Statements of Financial Position. A realized gain or loss is recorded upon early or partial termination and upon maturity of the swap contracts and is recorded as Derivative income (loss). Changes in the amount to be received (or paid) on the swap contract are recorded as Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments and derivatives on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. Details of swap contracts open at period end are included with the applicable Pools' Schedule of Investment Portfolio under the caption Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Swap Contracts.

**k) Securities Lending**

A Pool may lend portfolio securities in order to earn additional revenue, which is disclosed on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The loaned assets of any one Pool are not permitted to exceed 50% of the fair value of the assets of that Pool (excluding collateral debt for the loaned securities). The minimum allowable collateral is 102% of the market value of the loaned securities as per the requirements of National Instrument 81-102 - *Investment Funds*. Collateral can consist of the following:

- i) Cash;
- ii) Qualified securities;
- iii) Irrevocable letters of credit issued by a Canadian financial institution that is not the counterparty, or an affiliate counterparty, of the Pool in the transaction, if evidences of indebtedness of the Canadian financial institution that are rated as short-term debt by a designated credit rating organization, or its designated rating organization affiliate, have a designated rating; and
- iv) Securities that are immediately convertible into, or exchangeable for, securities of the same issuer, class, or type, and the same term, as the securities loaned.

The fair value of the loaned securities is determined on the close of any valuation date and any additional required collateral is delivered to the Pool on the next business day. The securities on loan continue to be included on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio and are included in the total value on the Statements of Financial Position in Investments (non-derivative financial assets) at fair value. Where applicable, a Pool's securities lending transactions are reported in footnote *Securities Lending* on the Statements of Financial Position.

## Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

National Instrument 81-106 – Investment Fund Continuous Disclosure requires a reconciliation of the gross income amount generated from the securities lending transactions of the Pools to the revenue from securities lending disclosed in the Pools' Statements of Comprehensive Income. The gross amount generated from securities lending includes interest paid on collateral, withholding taxes deducted, the fees paid to the Pools' lending agent and the securities lending revenue received by the Pools. Where applicable, the reconciliation can be found in the footnotes to the Pools' Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### **l) Multi-Class Structured Pools**

Each Pool may issue an unlimited number of classes of units. The realized and unrealized capital gains or capital losses, income, and common expenses (other than class-specific operating expenses and management fees) of the Pool are allocated on each Valuation Date to the unitholders in proportion to the respective prior day's net asset value, which includes unitholder trade(s) dated for that day, of each class of units at the date on which the allocation is made. Class-specific operating expenses and management fees do not require allocation. All class-specific operating expenses are paid by the Manager and are collected from the Pools on a recoverable basis.

### **m) Loans and Receivables, Other Assets and Liabilities**

Loans and receivables, other assets and liabilities (other than those classified as FVTPL) are recorded at cost, which approximates their fair value with the exception of net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, which are presented at the redemption value.

### **n) Legend for Abbreviations**

The following is a list of abbreviations (foreign currency translation and others) that may be used in the Schedule of Investment Portfolio:

#### *Currency Abbreviations*

AUD	– Australian Dollar	KRW	– South Korean Won
BRL	– Brazilian Real	MXN	– Mexican Peso
CAD	– Canadian Dollar	MYR	– Malaysian Ringgit
CHF	– Swiss Franc	NOK	– Norwegian Krone
CLP	– Chilean Peso	NZD	– New Zealand Dollar
CZK	– Czech Koruna	PHP	– Philippine Peso
DKK	– Danish Krone	PLN	– Polish Zloty
EUR	– Euro	RUB	– Russian Ruble
GBP	– British Pound	SEK	– Swedish Krona
HKD	– Hong Kong Dollar	SGD	– Singapore Dollar
HUF	– Hungarian Forint	THB	– Thai Baht
IDR	– Indonesian Rupiah	TRY	– New Turkish Lira
ILS	– Israeli Shekel	TWD	– Taiwan Dollar
INR	– Indian Rupee	USD	– United States Dollar
JPY	– Japanese Yen	ZAR	– South African Rand

#### *Other Abbreviations*

ADR	– American Depositary Receipt	iUnits	– Index Units Securities
ADC	– Austrian Depositary Certificates	LEPOs	– Low Exercise Price Options
CVO	– Contingent Value Obligations International	MSCI	– Morgan Stanley Capital Index
ETF	– Exchange-Traded Fund	OPALS	– Optimized Portfolios as Listed
GDR	– Global Depositary Receipt Securities	PERLES	– Performance Linked to Equity
IPN	– International Participation Note	REIT	– Real Estate Investment Trust
iShares	– Index Shares	SDR	– Swedish Depositary Receipt

### **o) Standards Issued but not yet Effective**

Standards issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Pools' financial statements are listed below. The Pools intend to adopt applicable standards when they become effective.

#### *IFRS 9, Financial Instruments - Classification and Measurement*

In July 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, which reflects all phases of the financial instruments project and replaces IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* and all previous versions of IFRS 9. The standard introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment, and hedge accounting. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early application permitted. The Pools plan to adopt the new standard on the effective date. The Manager has reviewed the requirements for transition to IFRS 9 and there are no material impacts anticipated for the Pools' Net Assets as the majority of the Pools' financial assets are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

### **p) Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units per Unit**

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit of each class is calculated by dividing the Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units (excluding distributions), as reported in the Statements of Comprehensive Income, by the weighted average number of units in issue during the related period.

## **3. Valuation of Investments**

The valuation date for a Pool is any day when the Manager's head office is open for business (*Valuation Date*). The Trustee may, at its discretion, establish other Valuation Dates. The value of the investments or assets of a Pool is determined as follows:

### **a) Cash and Other Assets**

Cash, accounts receivable, dividends receivable, distributions receivable, and interest receivable are valued at fair value or at their recorded cost, plus or minus any foreign exchange between recognition of the asset by the Pool and the current Valuation Date, which approximates fair value.

Short-term investments (money market instruments) are valued at fair value.

### **b) Bonds, Debentures, and Other Debt Obligations**

Bonds, debentures, and other debt obligations are fair valued using the last traded price provided by a recognized vendor upon the close of trading on a Valuation Date, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. If the last traded price does not fall within that day's bid-ask spread, then the Manager will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances.

### **c) Listed Securities, Unlisted Securities, and Fair Value Pricing of Foreign Securities**

Any security that is listed or traded on a securities exchange is fair valued using the last traded price, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread or, if there is no traded price on that exchange or the last traded price does not fall within that day's bid-ask spread and in the case of securities traded on an OTC market, at the fair value as determined by the Manager as an appropriate basis for valuation. In such

situations, a fair value will be determined by the Manager to establish current value. If any securities are inter-listed or traded on more than one exchange or market, the Manager will use the principal exchange or market for the fair value of such securities.

Units of each mutual fund in which a Pool invests will be valued at fair value using the most recent net asset value quoted by the Trustee or Manager of the mutual fund on the Valuation Date.

Unlisted securities are fair valued using the last traded price quoted by a recognized dealer, or the Manager may determine a price that more accurately reflects the fair value of these securities if the Manager feels the last traded price does not reflect fair value.

Fair value pricing is designed to avoid stale prices and to provide a more accurate fair value, and may assist in the deterrence of harmful short-term or excessive trading in the Pool. When securities listed or traded on markets or exchanges that close prior to North or South American markets or exchanges are valued by the Manager at their fair market value, instead of using quoted or published prices, the prices of such securities used to calculate the Pool's net assets or net asset value may differ from quoted or published prices of such securities.

#### d) Derivatives

Long positions in options, debt-like securities, and listed warrants are fair valued using the last traded price as established on either their principal trading exchange or by a recognized dealer in such securities, whereby the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread and the credit rating of each counterparty (as rated by Standard & Poor's, a division of The McGraw-Hill Financial, Inc.) meets or exceeds the minimum designated rating.

When any option is written by any Pool, the premium received by the Pool will be reflected as a liability that will be valued at an amount equal to the current value of the option that would have the effect of closing the position. Any difference resulting from revaluation shall be treated as an unrealized gain or loss on investment; the liability shall be deducted in arriving at the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of the Pool. The securities that are the subject of a written option, if any, will be valued in the manner described above for listed securities.

Futures contracts, forward contracts, or swaps will be valued at fair value of the gain or loss, if any, that would be realized on the Valuation Date if the position in the futures contracts, forward contracts, or swaps were to be closed out.

Margin paid or deposited in respect of swaps and forward contracts will be reflected as an account receivable and margin consisting of assets other than cash will be noted as held as collateral.

Other derivatives and margin are fair valued in a manner that the Manager determines to represent their fair value.

#### e) Restricted Securities

Restricted securities purchased by any Pool will be fair valued in a manner that the Manager determines to represent their fair value.

#### f) Other Securities

All other investments of the Pools will be fair valued in accordance with the laws of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities, where applicable, and using fair valuation techniques that most accurately reflect their current value as determined by the Manager.

The value of any security or other property of a Pool for which a market quotation is not readily available or where the market quotations do not properly reflect the fair value of such securities will be determined by the Manager by valuing the securities at their fair value. In such situations, fair value will be determined using fair valuation techniques that most accurately reflect their fair value as established by the Manager.

### 4. Interest in Underlying Funds

The Pools may invest in other investment funds (*Underlying Funds*). Each Underlying Fund invests in a portfolio of assets to generate returns in the form of investment income and capital appreciation for its unitholders. Each Underlying Fund finances its operations primarily through the issuance of redeemable units, which are puttable at the unitholder's option and entitle the unitholder to a proportionate share of the Underlying Fund's net assets. The Pools' interests in Underlying Funds held in the form of redeemable units, are reported in its Schedule of Investments at fair value, which represents the Pools' maximum exposure on those investments. The Pools' interests in Underlying Funds as at the prior year period ends are presented in the Financial Instrument Risks – Concentration Risks section in the Supplemental Schedule to the Schedule of Investment Portfolio. Distributions earned from Underlying Funds are included in *Investment Income* in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The total realized and change in unrealized gains (losses) arising from Underlying Funds are also included in the Statements of Comprehensive Income. The Pools do not provide any additional significant financial or other support to Underlying Funds.

Where applicable, the table *Interests in Underlying Funds* is presented as part of the Supplemental Schedule to Schedule of Investment Portfolio, which provides additional information on the Pools' investments in Underlying Funds where the ownership interest exceeds 20% of each Underlying Fund.

### 5. Redeemable Units Issued and Outstanding

Each Pool is permitted to have an unlimited number of classes of units and may issue an unlimited number of units of each class. The outstanding units represent the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units of the Pools. Each unit has no par value and the value of each unit is the net asset value as determined on each valuation date. Settlement of the cost for units issued is completed as per laws of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities in place at the time of issue. Distributions made by the Pools and reinvested by unitholders in additional units also constitute issued redeemable units of the Pools.

Units are redeemed at the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit of each class of units of the Pool. A right to redeem units of a Pool may be suspended with the approval of the Canadian securities regulatory authorities or when normal trading is suspended on a stock, options, or futures exchange within Canada or outside of Canada on which securities or derivatives that make up more than 50% of the value or underlying exposure of the total assets of the Pool, not including any liabilities of the Pool, are traded and when those securities or derivatives are not traded on any other exchange that represents a reasonably practical alternative for the Pool; or if, in the case of Renaissance U.S. Equity Currency Neutral Private Pool, the Underlying Fund whose performance it tracks has suspended redemptions. The Pools are not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The capital received by a Pool is utilized within the respective investment mandate of a Pool. For all Pools, this includes the ability to make liquidity available to satisfy unitholder unit redemption requirements upon the unitholder's request.

Changes in issued and outstanding units for the six month periods ended February 28, 2018 and February 28, 2017 can be found on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

### 6. Management Fees and Operating Expenses

Management fees are based on the net asset value of the Pools and are calculated daily and paid monthly. Management fees are paid to the Manager in consideration for providing, or arranging for the provision of, management, distribution, and portfolio advisory services. Advertising and promotional expenses, office overhead expenses related to the Manager's activities, trailing commissions and the fees of the portfolio sub-advisors are paid by the Manager out of the management fees received from the Pools.

The maximum annual management fee expressed as a percentage of the average net asset value for each class of units of the Pool is reported in footnote *Maximum Chargeable Management Fee Rates* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income. For Class O and Class OH units, management fees are negotiated with and paid by, or as directed by, unitholders, or dealers and discretionary managers on behalf of unitholders.

In addition to the management fees, the Pools are responsible for all expenses relating to the operation and conduct of the business of the Pools, including interest, operating, and administrative costs (other than advertising and promotional expenses, which are the responsibility of the Manager), brokerage fees, commissions, spreads, regulatory fees (including the portion of the regulatory fees paid by the Manager that are attributable to the Pools), Independent Review Committee fees and expenses, taxes, audit and legal fees and expenses, trustee fees, safekeeping fees, custodial fees, any agency fees, securities lending, repurchase, and reverse repurchase fees, investor servicing costs, and costs of unitholder reports, prospectuses, fund facts, and other reports. All class-specific operating expenses are paid by the Manager and recovered from the Pools. The Pools do not pay a fee to the trustee.

The Manager may recover from a Pool less than the actual class-specific operating expenses paid by the Manager, resulting in the Manager absorbing class-specific expenses. The Manager may also charge to a Pool less than the maximum management fee noted in footnote *Maximum Chargeable Management Fee Rates* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income, resulting in the Manager waiving management fees.

At its sole discretion, the Manager may stop absorbing class-specific operating expenses and/or waiving management fees at any time. Class-specific operating expenses absorbed and/or management fees waived by the Manager are disclosed on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

In some cases, the Manager may charge management fees to a Pool that are less than the management fees the Manager is entitled to charge in respect of certain investors in a Pool. The difference in the amount of the management fees will be paid out by the Pool to the applicable investors as a distribution of additional units of the Pool (*Management Fee Distributions*).

## Notes to Financial Statements (unaudited)

Management Fee Distributions are negotiable between the Manager and the investor and are dependent primarily on the size of the investor's investment in the Pool. Management Fee Distributions paid to qualified investors do not adversely impact the Pool or any of the Pool's other investors. The Manager may increase or decrease the amount of Management Fee Distributions to certain investors from time to time.

Where a Pool invests in units of an Underlying Fund, the Pool does not pay duplicate management fees on the portion of its assets that it invests in units of the Underlying Fund. In addition, the Pool will not pay duplicate sales fees or redemption fees with respect to the purchase or redemption by it of units of the Underlying Fund. Some of the Underlying Funds held by the Pools may offer Management Fee Distributions. Such Management Fee Distributions of an Underlying Fund will be paid out as required for taxable distribution payments by a Pool. The Manager of an Underlying Fund may, in some cases, waive a portion of an Underlying Fund's management fee and/or absorb a portion of an Underlying Fund's operating expenses.

### 7. Income Taxes and Withholding Taxes

All of the Pools, except Renaissance Multi-Asset Global Balanced Income Private Pool, Renaissance Multi-Asset Global Balanced Private Pool, Renaissance U.S. Equity Currency Neutral Private Pool, Renaissance Global Equity Private Pool and Renaissance Real Assets Private Pool, which are unit trusts, qualify as mutual fund trusts under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). No income tax is payable by the Pools on net income and/or net realized capital gains that are distributed to unitholders. In addition, for all of the Pools (except those that do not qualify as mutual fund trusts under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada)), income taxes payable on undistributed net realized capital gains are refundable on a formula basis when units of the Pools are redeemed. Sufficient net income and realized capital gains of the Pools have been, or will be, distributed to the unitholders such that no tax is payable by the Pools and accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the financial statements. Occasionally, a Pool may pay distributions in excess of net income and net realized capital gains of the Pool. This excess distribution is called a return of capital and is non-taxable to the unitholder. However, a return of capital reduces the average cost of the unitholder's units for tax purposes.

Non-capital losses are available to be carried forward for 20 years.

Capital losses for income tax purposes may be carried forward indefinitely and applied against capital gains realized in future years. Where applicable, a Pool's net capital and non-capital losses are reported in Canadian dollars in the footnote *Net Capital and Non-Capital Losses* on the Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units.

Renaissance Multi-Asset Global Balanced Income Private Pool, Renaissance Multi-Asset Global Balanced Private Pool, Renaissance U.S. Equity Currency Neutral Private Pool, Renaissance Global Equity Private Pool and Renaissance Real Assets Private Pool have a taxation year-end of December 31. All other Pools have a taxation year-end of December 15.

The Pools currently incur withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains. Such income and gains are recorded on a gross basis and the related withholding taxes are shown as a separate expense in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

### 8. Brokerage Commissions and Fees

The total commissions paid by the Pools to brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Pool. In allocating brokerage business to a dealer, consideration may be given by the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors of the Pools to the provision of goods and services by the dealer or a third party, other than order execution (referred to in the industry as "soft dollar" arrangements). These goods and services are paid for with a portion of brokerage commissions and assist the portfolio advisor or portfolio sub-advisors with their investment decision-making services to the Pools or relate directly to the execution of portfolio transactions on behalf of the Pools. The services are supplied by the dealer executing the trade or by a third party and paid for by that dealer. The total soft dollar payments paid by the Pools to brokers are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Pool. In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Pool. Any commission recaptured will be paid to the applicable Pool.

Fixed income, other securities, and certain derivative products (including forwards) are transacted in an over-the-counter market, where participants are dealing as principals. Such securities are generally traded on a net basis and do not normally involve brokerage commissions, but will typically include a "spread" (being the difference between the bid and the offer prices on the security of the applicable marketplace).

Spreads associated with fixed income securities trading and certain derivative products (including forwards) are not ascertainable and, for that reason, are not included in the dollar amounts. In addition, the soft dollar amounts only include the value of research and other services supplied by a third party to the portfolio sub-advisors, as the value of the services supplied to the portfolio sub-advisors by the dealer is not ascertainable. When these services benefit more than one Pool, the costs are allocated among the Pools based on transaction activity or some other fair basis as determined by the portfolio sub-advisors.

### 9. Related Party Transactions

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (*CIBC*) and its affiliates have the following roles and responsibilities with respect to the Pools and receive the fees described below in connection with their roles and responsibilities. The Pools may hold securities of CIBC. CIBC and its affiliates may also be involved in underwriting or lending to issuers that may be held by the Pools, have purchased or sold securities from or to the Pools while acting as principal, have purchased or sold securities from or to the Pools on behalf of another investment fund managed by CIBC or an affiliate, or have been involved as a counterparty to derivative transactions. Management fees payable and other accrued expenses on the Statements of Financial Position are amounts generally payable to a related party of the Pool.

#### *Manager, Trustee, Portfolio Advisor, and Portfolio Sub-Advisor of the Pools*

CAMI (CIBC Asset Management Inc.), a wholly owned subsidiary of CIBC, is the Manager, trustee, and portfolio advisor of each of the Pools.

The Manager also arranges for fund administrative services (other than advertising and promotional services, which are the responsibility of the Manager), legal, investor servicing, and costs of unitholder reports, prospectuses, and other reports. The Manager is the registrar and transfer agent for the Pools and provides, or arranges for the provision of, all other administrative services required by the Pools. The dollar amount (including all applicable taxes) of all fund administrative expenses (net of absorptions) that the Manager recovers from the Pool is reported in footnote *Administrative and Other Fund Operating Expenses* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

#### *Brokerage Arrangements and Soft Dollars*

The portfolio advisor or the portfolio sub-advisors make decisions, including the selection of markets and dealers and the negotiation of commissions, with respect to the purchase and sale of portfolio securities, certain derivative products, and the execution of portfolio transactions. Brokerage business may be allocated by portfolio sub-advisors, to CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp., each a subsidiary of CIBC. The total commissions paid to related brokers in connection with portfolio transactions are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Pool.

CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp. may also earn spreads on the sale of fixed income, other securities, and certain derivative products to the Pools. Dealers, including CIBC World Markets Inc. and CIBC World Markets Corp., may furnish goods and services, other than order execution, to the portfolio advisor or the portfolio sub-advisors, that process trades through them (referred to in the industry as "soft-dollar" arrangements). These goods and services are paid for with a portion of brokerage commissions and assist the portfolio advisor or the portfolio sub-advisors with their investment decision-making services to the Pools or relate directly to executing portfolio transactions on behalf of the Pools. They are supplied by the dealer executing the trade or by a third party and paid for by that dealer. As per the terms of the portfolio sub-advisory agreements, such soft dollar arrangements are in compliance with applicable laws. Custodial fees directly related to portfolio transactions incurred by a Pool, or a portion of a Pool, for which CAMI acts as advisor, shall be paid by CAMI and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements from trading on behalf of the Pool, or portion of the Pool, during the month. The total soft dollar payments paid by the Pool to related brokers are reported in footnote *Brokerage Commissions and Fees* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income of each Pool. In addition, the Manager may enter into commission recapture arrangements with certain dealers with respect to the Pools. Any commission recaptured will be paid to the relevant Pool.

#### *Custodian*

The custodian holds cash and securities for the Pools and ensures that those assets are kept separate from any other cash or securities that the custodian might be holding. The custodian also provides other services to the Pool including record keeping and processing of foreign exchange transactions. CIBC Mellon Trust Company is the custodian of the Pools (the *Custodian*). The fees and spreads for services of the Custodian directly related to the execution of portfolio transactions by a Pool, or a portion of a Pool, for which CAMI acts as portfolio advisor are paid by CAMI and/or dealer(s) directed by CAMI up to the amount of the credits generated under soft dollar arrangements from trading on behalf of the Pool, or portion of the Pool, during that month. All other fees and spreads for the services of the Custodian are borne as an operating expense by the Pools. CIBC owns a 50 percent interest in the Custodian.

#### *Service Provider*

CIBC Mellon Global Securities Services Company (*CIBC GSS*) provides certain services to the Pools, including securities lending, fund accounting and reporting, and portfolio valuation. CIBC indirectly owns a 50 percent interest in CIBC GSS. The dollar amount paid by the Pools (including all applicable taxes) to CIBC Mellon Trust Company for custodian fees (net of absorptions) and to CIBC GSS for securities lending, fund accounting, reporting, and fund valuation (all net of absorptions) for the six month periods ended February 28, 2018 and February 28, 2017 is reported in footnote *Service Provider* on the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

**10. Hedging**

Certain foreign currency denominated positions have been hedged, or partially hedged, by forward foreign currency contracts as part of the investment strategies of the Pool. These hedges are indicated by a hedging reference number on the Schedule of Investment Portfolio and a corresponding hedging reference number on the Schedule of Derivative Assets and Liabilities - Forward Foreign Currency Contract.

**11. Collateral on Specified Derivatives**

Short-term investments may be used as collateral for futures or swap contracts outstanding with brokers.

**12. Revision of Comparative Information**

Where applicable, certain comparative figures on the Statements of Cash Flows were revised for the prior period. Amounts reclassified to Reinvested distributions from underlying funds have been presented separately from amounts related to Purchases of investments to appropriately reflect the non-cash components of investments purchased. The impact on the Cash Flows from Operating Activities is nil.



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